



the Modal Verb 'Might'

4th

might

4 th the modal verb 'might'			
tag:	usage:		emphasis:
4 th M4.1	is used to make a suggestion or to give advice		Ⓢ suggestion or Ⓐ advice
4 th M4.2	is used to indicate the possibility that something happened, something has happened, something is happening, something was true, or something is true		ⓅⓅ past possibility or ⓅⓅ present possibility
4 th M4.3	is used to indicate without certainty that something will possibly happen in ● the future or something will possibly be true in ● the future		ⓅⓅ future possibility
4 th M4.4	is used in accepting one statement and adding another statement that is 'more important'		Ⓐ acceptance and Ⓜ importance
4 th M4.5	is used to make a polite interruption, ask a polite question, or make a polite request		ⓅⓂ polite interruption, ⓅⓂ polite question, or ⓅⓂ polite request

4th M4.1

The 1st example, i.e. 'You might want to reconsider your plans.', 4th M4.1 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a suggestion or advice. The 2nd example, i.e. 'You might want to buy it.', 4th M4.1 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a suggestion or advice. The 3rd example, i.e. 'It might be a good idea to tell them the truth.', 4th M4.1 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a suggestion or advice. The 4th example, i.e. 'It might be better to forget about it.', 4th M4.1 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a suggestion or advice. The 5th example, i.e. 'You might want to look at it more closely.', 4th M4.1 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a suggestion or advice.

tag:	examples:		emphasis:
4 th M4.1	1 st	You might want to reconsider your plans.	Ⓢ suggestion or Ⓐ advice
4 th M4.1	2 nd	You might want to buy it.	
4 th M4.1	3 rd	It might be a good idea to tell them the truth.	
4 th M4.1	4 th	It might be better to forget about it.	
4 th M4.1	5 th	You might want to look at it more closely.	
usage:			
is used to make a suggestion or to give advice			

4th M4.2

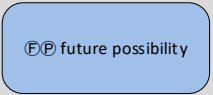
tag:	examples:		emphasis:
4 th M4.2	6 th	He might be right.	ⓅⓅ past possibility or ⓅⓅ present possibility
4 th M4.2	7 th	They might have already done it.	
4 th M4.2	8 th	They might have moved out.	
4 th M4.2	9 th	He might be Italian.	
4 th M4.2	10 th	He might have helped her.	
usage:			
is used to indicate the possibility that something happened, something has happened, something is happening, something was true, or something is true			

The 6th example, i.e. 'He might be right.', 4th M4.2 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something is true. The 7th example, i.e. 'They might have already done it.', 4th M4.2 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something has already happened. The 8th example, i.e. 'They might have moved out.', 4th M4.2 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something has already happened. The 9th example, i.e. 'He might

be Italian.', 4th M4.2 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something is true. The 10th example, i.e. 'He might have helped her.', 4th M4.2 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something has happened.

4th M4.3

The 11th example, i.e. 'You might regret it later.', 4th M4.3 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something will happen in the future. The 12th example, i.e. 'I might be late tonight.', 4th M4.3 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something will be true in the future. The 13th example, i.e. 'She might do it.', 4th M4.3 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something will happen in the future. The 14th example, i.e. 'They might come to see us at/on the weekend.', 4th M4.3 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something will happen in the future. The 15th example, i.e. 'I might buy it.', 4th M4.3 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates the possibility that something will happen in the future.

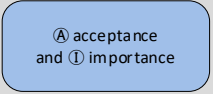
tag:	examples:		emphasis:
4 th M4.3	11 th	You might regret it later.	
4 th M4.3	12 th	I might be late tonight.	
4 th M4.3	13 th	She might do it.	
4 th M4.3	14 th	They might come to see us at/on the weekend.	
4 th M4.3	15 th	I might buy it.	

usage:

is used to indicate without certainty that something will possibly happen in the future or something will possibly be true in the future

4th M4.4

The 16th example, i.e. 'He might be handsome, but he is a bore.', 4th M4.4 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates that the speaker accepts one statement and adds another statement that is 'more important'. The 17th example, i.e. 'He might be poor, but he is happy.', 4th M4.4 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates that the speaker accepts one statement and adds another statement that is 'more important'. The 18th example, i.e. 'It might be very difficult, but it is not impossible.', 4th M4.4 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates that the speaker accepts one statement and adds another statement that is 'more important'. The 19th example, i.e. 'There might be a few mistakes, but the overall progress is good.', 4th M4.4 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates that the speaker accepts one statement and adds another statement that is 'more important'. The 20th example, i.e. 'She might have misbehaved, but she deserves forgiveness.', 4th M4.4 [in 1st the indicative mood] [in + the positive] indicates that the speaker accepts one statement and adds another statement that is 'more important'.

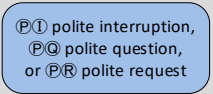
tag:	examples:		emphasis:
4 th M4.4	16 th	He might be handsome, but he is a bore.	
4 th M4.4	17 th	He might be poor, but he is happy.	
4 th M4.4	18 th	It might be very difficult, but it is not impossible.	
4 th M4.4	19 th	There might be a few mistakes, but the overall progress is good.	
4 th M4.4	20 th	She might have misbehaved, but she deserves forgiveness.	

usage:

is used in accepting one statement and adding another statement that is 'more important'

4th M4.5

The 21st example, i.e. 'Might I ask your name?', 4th M4.5 [in 3rd the interrogative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a polite question. The 22nd example, i.e. 'Might you stop for a minute?', 4th M4.5 [in 3rd the interrogative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a polite interruption. The 23rd example, i.e. 'Might I talk to you for a moment?', 4th M4.5 [in 3rd the interrogative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a polite interruption or a polite request. The 24th example, i.e. 'Might I trouble you for a fiver?', 4th M4.5 [in 3rd the interrogative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a polite request. The 25th example, i.e. 'Might I ask for your assistance?', 4th M4.5 [in 3rd the interrogative mood] [in + the positive] indicates a polite request.

tag:	examples:		emphasis:
4 th M4.5	21 st	Might I ask your name?	
4 th M4.5	22 nd	Might you stop for a minute?	
4 th M4.5	23 rd	Might I talk to you for a moment?	
4 th M4.5	24 th	Might I trouble you for a fiver?	
4 th M4.5	25 th	Might I ask for your assistance?	

usage:

is used to make a polite interruption, ask a polite question, or make a polite request